



SRS Continues To Protect The Environment

- The potential radiological impact of SRS on the public remains low, according to the 2001 SRS Environmental Report.
- The largest radiation dose that any single offsite individual could have received from SRS operations in 2001 is estimated to be 0.18 millirem, compared with a natural average dose of about 300 millirem to people in the U.S.
- SRS did not receive any notices of violation under the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.
- Environmental surveillance were conducted extensively within a 2000-square-mile network reaching 25 miles from SRS – with some monitoring performed as far as 100 miles from the site.

